Published Online: 2023-06-30

# International Journal of Multidisciplinary Research and Explorer (IJMRE)

E-ISSN: 2833-7298, P-ISSN: 2833-7301



## Republics Of Benin And Togo's Level Of Adherence To Tocqueville Political Liberty

Dr. Olaoye Elijah Olawale
Ekiti State University, Ado-Ekiti. Ekiti state.Nigeria
walejah205@yahoo.com

This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited.

**Abstract-** Alexis de Tocqueville, the nineteenth century French thinker of liberal democracy, claimed that political liberty expressed in the freedom of the press, freedom of association, the rule of law and decentralization are the bulwarks against despotism, individualism and the tyranny of the majority which are obstacles to democratic growth in any country. This paper discusses Tocqueville's psychology by surveying the level of adherence of citizens of Francophone West African countries of Benin and Togo to hisgeneralization. Two emerging multiparty liberal democracies which are practicing the semi presidential systems and the French bureaucratic model in francophone West Africa, Republic of Benin, Republic of Togo and Niger Republic, were purposively selected for the survey. In each country five hundred copies of the questionnaire were administered to purposively selected members of the civil society in order to seek their opinion on the rule of law, press freedom, freedom of association and decentralization in their respective countries. Data were content analyzed and simple percentage used for the questionnaire administered.

**Keywords:** Alexis de Tocqueville, Decentralization, Democracy, Francophone West Africa, Liberty and Rights

#### Introduction

"In his book Democracy in America Tocqueville aims at depicting democratic institutions and the psychology of democratic citizens as they can be observed when democratic society is firmly established...democratic institutions are shown to generate beliefs and aspirations that in turn, support those same institutions. Although Tocqueville points to some possible sources of instability in democratic societies, his central assumption is very clearly is that the America he observed around 1830 was equilibrium" Jon E. (101-102)

Published Online: 2023-06-30

## International Journal of Multidisciplinary Research and Explorer (IJMRE)

E-ISSN: 2833-7298, P-ISSN: 2833-7301



Known as French colonial territory in Western Africa from 1895 to 1958, the present day Francophone West Africa consists of the following countries: Benin, Burkina Fasso, Côte d'Ivoire, Togo, Guinée, Mali, Mauritania, Niger and Sénégal. During colonisation, the French placed emphasis on cultural assimilation. Even after independence France has continued to show interest in the politics of its former colonies.

In 1990 when president Mitterrand of France warned African leaders at the sixteenth Franco-African congress that "France will link its contributions to efforts designed to lead to greater liberty and democracy", most of these countries were either under military rule or one party system.(Smith, 2009:199) For fear of being abandoned by the colonial master and pressure from a coalition of civil societies within their countries, leaders of francophone West African countries decided to embrace democracy. Two of the francophone West African countries that transited to democracy through national conference were selected for this research. They are Benin Republic and Republic of Togo.

#### Survey Result Benin Republic

S/ N	Item	Strongly Agree	Partially Disagree	Disagree
1.	There is freedom of association in this country. / il y a de la libertéd'associationdans ce pays	250 (50)	200 (40)	50 (10)
2	The crurent democraticgouvernentto lerates constructive criticismsfrom the opposition. /le gouvernement démocratique actuel prend en compte les critiques constructives de l'opposition	250 (50)	150 (30)	100 (20)
3	The currentgovernmentmani pulate the Civil Societiesagainst the masses. / le gouvernement actuel manipule la société civile contre le peuple	150 (30)	150 (30)	200 (40)
	Press Freedom /	Freq	Freq	Freq
	liberté de presse	(%)	(%)	(%)

Published Online: 2023-06-30

# International Journal of Multidisciplinary Research and Explorer (IJMRE)

**IJMRE** 

E-ISSN: 2833-7298, P-ISSN: 2833-7301

1	There is freedom of	250	200	50
	press in this country. / Il	(49.9)	(40)	(10.1)
	y a de la liberté de			
	pressedansce pays			
2	The public media. are	275	50 (	175
	totally free	(55)	10)	(35)
	fromgovernment			
	manipulation. / Les			
	media publiques sont			
	indépendantes des			
	manipulations du			
	gouvernement			
3	The	200	100	200
	currentdemocraticgover	(40)	(20)	(40)
	nmenttoleratecriticismfr			
	om opposition. / Le			
	gouvernement			
	démocratique actuel			
	tolère la critique de la			
	presse.			
	Rule of the Law / la	Freq	Freq	Freq
	primaute du droit	(%)	(%)	(%)
1	The judiciary in this	150	200 (40)	150
	country isindependent. /	(30.1)	(40)	(29,9)
	Dans ce pays le secteur judiciaire est			
	3			
2	indépendant.	150	75	275
2	The Judiciary is still the last hope of the			
		(30)	(15)	(55)
	common man. / La			
	justice defendtoujours			
3	les droits de l'Homme. Human right violations	200	250	150
3	isnowlow in this	(40)		(30)
	country. / Le niveau de	(40)	(50)	(30)
	violation des droits de			
	1'Homme est			
	maintenant bas dans ce			
	pays.			
	Decentralization /	Freq	Freq	Freq
	decentralisation	(%)	(%)	(%)
1	Administration in this	111	250	139
	country is decentralised.	(22.1)	(50)	(27.9)
	/ Dansce pays			,,
	l'administrationestdéce			
	ntralisée.			
2	The three tiers of	160	150	190
	government are	(32)	(30)	(38)
	independent. / Il y a			
	separation des pouvoirs			
	dans ce pays.			
3	Decentralisation is	150	200	150
	contributing positively	(30)	(40)	(30)
	to the democratization		1.00	1,50,
	process in this country.			
	/ La decentralisation			
	a la consolidation du			
	processusdémocratique		1	
	process in this country.  / La decentralisation contribute positivement a la consolidation du			

Published Online: 2023-06-30

# International Journal of Multidisciplinary Research and Explorer (IJMRE)

E-ISSN: 2833-7298, P-ISSN: 2833-7301

nary
International Journal of Multidisciplinary Research And Explorer

S/ N	go Item	Strongly Agree	Partially Disagree	Disagree
	Freedom of	Freq	Freq	Freq
	association /	(%)	(%)	(%)
		(70)	(70)	(70)
	libertéd'associati			
	on			
1.	There is freedom of	9	50	441
	Association in this	(1.9)	(10)	(88.1)
	country. / il y a de la			
	libertéd'associationdans			
	ce pays			
2	The	250	200	50
	currentdemocraticgover	(50)	(40)	(10)
	nmenttolerates			
	constructive criticismsfrom the			
	opposition. /le			
	gouvernement			
	démocratique actuel			
	prend en compte les			
	critiques constructives			
	de l'opposition			
3	The	350	100	50
	currentgovernmentmani	(70)	(20)	(10)
	pulates the Civil		,	,
	Societiesagainst the			
	masses. / le			
	gouvernement actuel			
	manipule la société			
	civile contre le peuple			
	press freedom /	Freq	Freq	Freq
	liberté de presse	(%)	(%)	(%)
1	There is freedom of	50	200 (	250
	press in this country. / Il	(O O)	40)	(50.1)
		(9.9)	40)	(50.1)
	y a de la liberté de	(9.9)	40)	(50.1)
	y a de la liberté de pressedansce pays			
2	y a de la liberté de pressedansce pays The public media are	200	200	100
2	y a de la liberté de pressedansce pays The public media are totally free			
2	y a de la liberté de pressedansce pays The public media are totally free fromgovernment	200	200	100
2	y a de la liberté de pressedansce pays The public media are totally free fromgovernment manipulation. / Les	200	200	100
2	y a de la liberté de pressedansce pays The public media are totally free fromgovernment manipulation. / Les media publiques sont	200	200	100
2	y a de la liberté de pressedansce pays The public media are totally free fromgovernment manipulation. / Les media publiques sont indépendantes des	200	200	100
2	y a de la liberté de pressedansce pays The public media are totally free fromgovernment manipulation. / Les media publiques sont indépendantes des manipulations du	200	200	100
	y a de la liberté de pressedansce pays  The public media are totally free fromgovernment manipulation. / Les media publiques sont indépendantes des manipulations du gouvernement	200 (40)	200 (40)	100 (20)
2	y a de la liberté de pressedansce pays  The public media are totally free fromgovernment manipulation. / Les media publiques sont indépendantes des manipulations du gouvernement  The	200 (40)	200 (40)	100 (20)
	y a de la liberté de pressedansce pays  The public media are totally free fromgovernment manipulation. / Les media publiques sont indépendantes des manipulations du gouvernement	200 (40)	200 (40)	100 (20)
	y a de la liberté de pressedansce pays  The public media are totally free fromgovernment manipulation. / Les media publiques sont indépendantes des manipulations du gouvernement  The currentdemocraticgover	200 (40)	200 (40)	100 (20)
	y a de la liberté de pressedansce pays  The public media are totally free fromgovernment manipulation. / Les media publiques sont indépendantes des manipulations du gouvernement  The currentdemocraticgover nmenttoleratescriticismf	200 (40)	200 (40)	100 (20)
	y a de la liberté de pressedansce pays  The public media are totally free fromgovernment manipulation. / Les media publiques sont indépendantes des manipulations du gouvernement  The currentdemocraticgover nmenttoleratescriticismf rom opposition. / Le	200 (40)	200 (40)	100 (20)
	y a de la liberté de pressedansce pays  The public media are totally free fromgovernment manipulation. / Les media publiques sont indépendantes des manipulations du gouvernement  The currentdemocraticgover nmenttoleratescriticismf rom opposition. / Le gouvernement	200 (40)	200 (40)	100 (20)
	y a de la liberté de pressedansce pays  The public media are totally free fromgovernment manipulation. / Les media publiques sont indépendantes des manipulations du gouvernement  The currentdemocraticgover nmenttoleratescriticismf rom opposition. / Le gouvernement démocratique actuel tolère la critique de la presse.	200 (40)	200 (40)	100 (20)
	y a de la liberté de pressedansce pays  The public media are totally free fromgovernment manipulation. / Les media publiques sont indépendantes des manipulations du gouvernement  The currentdemocraticgover nmenttoleratescriticismf rom opposition. / Le gouvernement démocratique actuel tolère la critique de la presse.  Rule of the law / la	200 (40)	200 (40)	100 (20)
3	y a de la liberté de pressedansce pays The public media are totally free fromgovernment manipulation. / Les media publiques sont indépendantes des manipulations du gouvernement The currentdemocraticgover nmenttoleratescriticismf rom opposition. / Le gouvernement démocratique actuel tolère la critique de la presse. Rule of the law / la primaute du droit	200 (40)	200 (40)	100 (20) 425 (85)
	y a de la liberté de pressedansce pays  The public media are totally free fromgovernment manipulation. / Les media publiques sont indépendantes des manipulations du gouvernement  The currentdemocraticgover nmenttoleratescriticismf rom opposition. / Le gouvernement démocratique actuel tolère la critique de la presse.  Rule of the law / la primaute du droit  The judiciary in this	200 (40) 25 (5) Freq (%) 50	200 (40)  50 (10)  Freq (%) 150	100 (20) 425 ( 85)
3	y a de la liberté de pressedansce pays  The public media are totally free fromgovernment manipulation. / Les media publiques sont indépendantes des manipulations du gouvernement  The currentdemocraticgover nmenttoleratescriticismf rom opposition. / Le gouvernement démocratique actuel tolère la critique de la presse.  Rule of the law / la primaute du droit  The judiciary in this country isindependent. /	200 (40) 25 (5)	200 (40)  50 (10)  Freq (%)	100 (20) 425 (85)
3	y a de la liberté de pressedansce pays  The public media are totally free fromgovernment manipulation. / Les media publiques sont indépendantes des manipulations du gouvernement  The currentdemocraticgover nmenttoleratescriticismf rom opposition. / Le gouvernement démocratique actuel tolère la critique de la presse.  Rule of the law / la primaute du droit  The judiciary in this country isindependent. / Dans ce pays le secteur	200 (40) 25 (5) Freq (%) 50	200 (40)  50 (10)  Freq (%) 150	100 (20)  425 (85)  Freq (%) 300
3	y a de la liberté de pressedansce pays  The public media are totally free fromgovernment manipulation. / Les media publiques sont indépendantes des manipulations du gouvernement  The currentdemocraticgover nmenttoleratescriticismf rom opposition. / Le gouvernement démocratique actuel tolère la critique de la presse.  Rule of the law / la primaute du droit  The judiciary in this country isindependent. / Dans ce pays le secteur judiciaire est	200 (40) 25 (5) Freq (%) 50	200 (40)  50 (10)  Freq (%) 150	100 (20)  425 (85)  Freq (%) 300
3	y a de la liberté de pressedansce pays The public media are totally free fromgovernment manipulation. / Les media publiques sont indépendantes des manipulations du gouvernement The currentdemocraticgover nmenttoleratescriticismf rom opposition. / Le gouvernement démocratique actuel tolère la critique de la presse.  Rule of the law / la primaute du droit The judiciary in this country isindependent. / Dans ce pays le secteur judiciaire est indépendant.	200 (40) 25 (5) Freq (%) 50 (10)	200 (40)  50 (10)  Freq (%) 150 (30)	100 (20) 425 (85) Freq (%) 300 (60)
3	y a de la liberté de pressedansce pays  The public media are totally free fromgovernment manipulation. / Les media publiques sont indépendantes des manipulations du gouvernement  The currentdemocraticgover nmenttoleratescriticismf rom opposition. / Le gouvernement démocratique actuel tolère la critique de la presse.  Rule of the law / la primaute du droit  The judiciary in this country isindependent. / Dans ce pays le secteur judiciaire est indépendant.  The Judiciary is still the	200 (40)  25 (5)  Freq (%) 50 (10)	200 (40)  50 (10)  Freq (%) 150 (30)	100 (20)  425 (85)  Freq (%) 300 (60)
3	y a de la liberté de pressedansce pays The public media are totally free fromgovernment manipulation. / Les media publiques sont indépendantes des manipulations du gouvernement The currentdemocraticgover nmenttoleratescriticismf rom opposition. / Le gouvernement démocratique actuel tolère la critique de la presse.  Rule of the law / la primaute du droit The judiciary in this country isindependent. / Dans ce pays le secteur judiciaire est indépendant.	200 (40) 25 (5) Freq (%) 50 (10)	200 (40)  50 (10)  Freq (%) 150 (30)	100 (20) 425 (85) Freq (%) 300 (60)

Published Online: 2023-06-30

# International Journal of Multidisciplinary Research and Explorer (IJMRE)

E-ISSN: 2833-7298, P-ISSN: 2833-7301



	les droits de l'Homme.			
3	Humanrights violations arenowlow in this country. / Le niveau de violation des droits de l'Homme est maintenant bas dans ce pays.	25 (5)	50 (10)	425 (85)
	Decentralisation/	Freq	Freq	Freq
	Decentralisation	(%)	(%)	(%)
1	Administration in this country is decentralised. /Dansce pays l'administrationestdéce ntralisée.	76 (15.2)	70 (14)	354 (70.8)
2	The three tiers of government are independent. / Il y a separation des pouvoirs dans ce pays.	50 (10)	100 (20)	350 (70)
3	Decentralisation is contributing positively to the democratization process in this country.  / La decentralization contribute positivement à la consolidation du processusdémocratique	50 (10)	50 (10)	400 (80)

## **Data Interpretation**

The research makes use of (Likert scale, 1932), where numbers are ranked so the coding frame follows the same numerical approach. On each graph: No1 represents the first opinion under each variable. No 2 represents the second opinion under each variable. No 3 represents the third opinion under each variable. The Package Used: SPSS (Statistical Package for Social Sciences, version 17) Method Used: Simple Percentage Frequency under Descriptive Statistics. The multiple bar chart graph representing the percentage frequency of the respondents considered the four variable items: (Freedom of association, press freedom, rule of the Law and decentralization) in Benin Republic.

## **Benin Republic**

The Table Below Shows the Percentage Frequency of Respondents under the Four Variables Considered in Benin Republic

Variable		Strongly Agree	Partially Disagree	Disagree
Press freedom	/			
liberte de presse 1		49.9	40	10.1
Press freedom	/			
liberte de presse 2		55	10	35
Press freedom	/			
liberte de presse 3		40	20	40

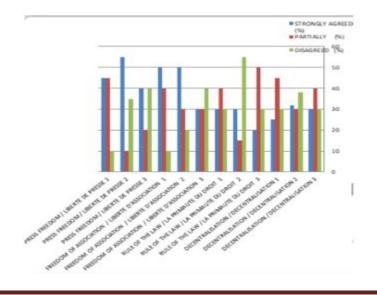
Published Online: 2023-06-30

# International Journal of Multidisciplinary Research and Explorer (IJMRE)

**IJMRE** 

E-ISSN: 2833-7298, P-ISSN: 2833-7301

Freedom of			
association /			
liberted'association			
1	50	40	10
Freedom of			
association /			
liberted'association			
2	50	30	20
Freedom of			
association /			
liberted'association			
3	30	30	40
Rule of the law / la			
primaute du droit 1	30.1	40	29.9
Rule of the law / la			
primaute du droit 2	30	15	55
Rule of the law / la			
primaute du droit 3	20	50	30
Decentralisation /			
decentralisation 1	22.1	50	27.9
Decentralisation /			
decentralisation 2	32	30	38
Decentralisation /			
decentralisation 3	30	40	30



Published Online: 2023-06-30

International Journal of Multidisciplinary Research and Explorer (IJMRE)

E-ISSN: 2833-7298, P-ISSN: 2833-7301

IJMRE Inequired Joynel of Middiscinien Research and En

## **Benin Republic**

The table below shows the percentage frequency of respondents under the four variables considered in Benin Republic

## Scale:

The multiple bar chart; the variables (items considered) would be on the horizontal axis and (the percentage frequency of the respondents on the vertical axis. (Note that n = 500)

## **Press Freedom**

From the multiple bar chart;

The percentage frequency of the respondents with (49.9%) strongly agreed and 40% partially agreed that there is freedom of press in Benin Republic while only (10.1%) of the respondents disagreed with the opinion. The percentage frequency of the respondents has (55%) strongly agreed unit the opinion that the public media are totally free from government manipulation and (10%) partially agreed while (35%) of the respondents disagreed with the opinion.

## **Freedom Of Association**

From the multiple bar chart;

The percentage frequency of the respondents with (50%) strongly agreed with the opinion that there is freedom of association in Benin Republic and (40%) partially agreed with the opinion while (10%) of the respondents disagreed with the opinion.

The percentage frequency of the respondents, (50%) of the respondents strongly agreed that the current democratic government tolerates constructive criticisms from the opposition and (30%) partially agreed with the opinion while (20%) of the respondents disagreed with the opinion. The percentage frequency of the respondents has (30%) of the respondents that strongly agreed that the current government manipulates the civil societies against the masses, (30%) partially agreed with the opinion and (40%) of the respondents disagreed with the opinion.

## **Rule Of The Law**

From the multiple bar chart graph; the percentage of the respondents has (30.1%) of the respondents who strongly agreed with the opinion that the judiciary in Benin Republic is independent, (40%) of the respondents partially agreed and (29.9%) of the respondents disagreed with the opinion.

Received: 2023-04-01

Accepted: 2023-06-10

Published Online: 2023-06-30

International Journal of Multidisciplinary Research and Explorer (IJMRE)

E-ISSN: 2833-7298, P-ISSN: 2833-7301

IJMRE Itematoral Jurnal of Muldiscopinary Research And Explor

(30%) of the respondents strongly agreed with the opinion that the judiciary is still the last hope of the common man in Benin Republic, also (15%) of the respondents partially agreed while (55%) disagree with the opinion. Also, (40%) of the respondents strongly agreed with the opinion that human right violations is now low in Benin Republic, (50%) partially agreed and (30%) of the respondents disagreed with the opinion.

#### **Decentralization**

Also the percentage of the respondents with (22.1%) of the respondents strongly agreed that administration in Benin Republic is decentralized also (50%) of the respondents partially agreed and (27.9%) of the respondents disagreed with the opinion.

The (32%) of the respondents strongly agreed that the three tiers of government are independent and (30%)

## Togo

**Title:** The component bar chart/ graph representing the percentage frequency of the respondents considered the four variable items (Freedom of Association, press freedom, Rule of the Law and Decentralization) in Togo.

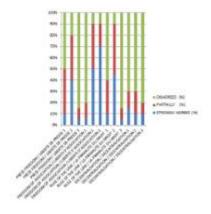
**Scale:** The component bar chart of the variable items considered would be on the horizontal axis and the percentage frequency of the Respondents on the vertical axis. n=500 i.e. number of respondents.



The Table Below Shows the Percentage Frequency of Respondents Under the four Variables in Republic of Togo.

Variable	Strongly	Partially	Disagree
	Agree	Disagree	
Press freedom / liberté			
de presse 1	9.9	40	50.1
Press freedom / liberté			
de presse 2	40	40	20
Press freedom / liberté			
de presse 3	5	10	85
Freedom of association /			
liberted'association 1	1.9	10	88.1
Freedom of association /			
liberted'association 2	50	40	10
Freedom of association /			
liberted'association 3	70	20	10
Rule of the law / la			
primaute du droit 1	10	30	60
Rule of the law / la			
primaute du droit 2	45	45	10
Rule of the law / la			
primaute du droit 3	5	10	85
Decentralisation /			
decentralisation 1	15.2	14	70.8
Decentralisation /			
decentralisation 2	10	20	70
Decentralisation /			
decentralisation 3	10	10	80

The Graph Represented the Number of Respondents in Togo



## **Freedom of Association**

Received: 2023-04-01

Published Online: 2023-06-30

Accepted: 2023-06-10

## International Journal of Multidisciplinary Research and Explorer (IJMRE)

E-ISSN: 2833-7298, P-ISSN: 2833-7301

The percentage frequency of the respondents of (1.9%) of the respondent's strongly agreed with the opinion that there is freedom of Association in Togo, (10%) of the respondent's partially agreed with the opinion and (88.1%) of the respondents disagreed.

The (50%) of the respondents strongly agreed that the current democratic government tolerate constructive criticisms from the opposition in Togo and (40%) of the respondents partially agreed while (10%) of the respondents disagreed with the opinion.

The (70%) of the respondents strongly agreed with the opinion the current government manipulate the civil societies against the masses, and (20%) partially agreed while (10%) of the respondents disagreed.

## **Press Freedom**

From the component chart graph; the percentage of the respondents has (9.9%) of the respondents who strongly agreed that there is freedom of press in Togo and (40%) partially agreed while (50.1%) disagreed with the opinion. The (40%) of the respondents strongly agreed that the public media are totally free from government manipulation and (40%) were partially agreed while (20%) of the respondents disagreed with the opinion.

## Rule of the Law

The percentage frequency of the respondents; (10%) strongly agreed with the opinion that the Judiciary in Togo county is independent and (30%) partially agreed and (60%) of the respondent disagreed with the opinion. (50%) of the respondents strongly agreed with the opinion that the judiciary is still the last hope of the common man, (45%) of the respondents partially agreed and (10%) disagreed with the opinion.

(5%) of the respondents strongly agreed in the opinion that human right violations is now low in Togo, (10%) of the total respondents partially agreed and (85%) disagreed with the opinion.

## **Decentralization**

The percentage frequency of the respondents shows that (15.2%) of the respondents strongly agreed that Administration in Togo country is decentralized and also (14%) partially agreed while (70.8%) of the respondents disagreed with the opinion.

(10%) of the respondents strongly agreed that the three tiers of government are independent. Also (20%) of the respondents partially agreed and (70%) choose to disagree with the opinion.

Published Online: 2023-06-30

## International Journal of Multidisciplinary Research and Explorer (IJMRE)

E-ISSN: 2833-7298, P-ISSN: 2833-7301



(10%) of the respondents strongly agreed and also partially agreed with the opinion that Decentralization is contributing positively to the democratic process in Togo, while (80%) of the respondents of the total disagreed.

## **Summary On**

## Press Freedom

	Items	Agreed	Disagreed
	Press freedom	Freq %	Free %
Benin	There is press freedom this country	69.9	30.1
Togo	There is press freedom this country	29.9	70.1

## On Freedom of Association

	Items	Agreed	Disagreed
	Freedomof Association	Freq %	Freq %
Benin	There is press freedom of	70	30
	Association in this country		
Togo	There is press freedom of	6.9	93.1
	Association in this country		

#### On The Rule of Law

	Items	Agreed	Disagreed
	The rule of law	Freq %	Free%
Benin	On the independence ofthe Judiciary	50.1	49.9
Togo	On the independence of the Judiciary	25.0	75.0

## On Decentralization

	Items	Agreed	Disagreed
	Decentralization	Freq %	Free%
Benin	On Administrative	47.1	52.9
	decentralization		
Togo	On Administrative	22.2	77.8
	decentralization		

Published Online: 2023-06-30

# International Journal of Multidisciplinary Research and Explorer (IJMRE)

E-ISSN: 2833-7298, P-ISSN: 2833-7301



## **Conclusion**

The level of adherence of the democratic experience of francophone West Africa to Tocqueville's generalization is abysmally low. Republic of Benin when compared to Togo Niger Republic was better off in her democratic disposition. The democratic process of countries studied is characterized by violation of Human Rights and absence of decentralization. Democratic process in Benin and Niger is stifled by suppression of the press and the civil society, benevolent manipulation of the judiciary and politicization and centralization of the administration. In Togo, the president controlled the three tiers of government, the press and the civil society except the opposition parties whose demonstrations are frequently emasculated, and their leaders arrested and jailed. Although these countries have adopted democratic constitutions, ratified laws on freedom of press and association, enacted laws on decentralization, inequality, lack of local government autonomy are still prevalent in the society.

## Reference

- [1] Boucher, David and Kelly, Paul. 2008. Political Thinkers, from Socrates to Present. New York: Oxford University Press Inc.
- [2] British Broadcasting Cooperation. 2010. South Asia Countries 'profiles. http://news.bbc.co.uk/1/hi/world/south\_asia/country\_profiles 2012:05-22.
- [3] Dahl, Robert. 2009. Pluralist Democracy in the United States. Chicago: McNally..
- [4] Diamond, Larry, 2003, University Democracy?Policy Review, Heritage Foundation. Retrieved www.policyreview.org/jun03/diamond.html.(Accessed 2012).
- [5] , Dye, R. Thomas and Zeigler, Harmon. 2003. The Irony of Democracy, An Uncommon Introduction to American Politics. Belmont: Wadsworth.
- [6] Fenkam, Frederic. etBozambo A.M. 2009. DemocratieenAfrique? Yes We Can. Paris Editions: Afrique Express.
- [7] Gellar, Sheldon. 2005. Democracy in Senegal: Tocquevillian Analytics in Africa. New York:Palgrave Macmillan.
- [8] Gibert, Pierre. 1977. Tocqueville: Egalite Sociale et Liberte Politique, Paris: ed. Auber Montaigne.
- [9] Guyomach, A. and Howard, Machin. 2001. Developments in French Politics, London: Palgrave.

Published Online: 2023-06-30

# International Journal of Multidisciplinary Research and Explorer (IJMRE)

E-ISSN: 2833-7298, P-ISSN: 2833-7301



- [10] Harris, Fred. E. 1998. America's Democracy, New York: Penguin Press.
- [11] Hauss, Charles .2003. Comparative Politics, Belmont, Wadsworth.
- [12] Held, David. 1995. Democracy and the Global order, London: Cambridge Polity Pr
- [13] [ Heywood, Andrew. 2007. Politics. New York. Palgrave Foundations Third Edition, Macmillan.
- [14] Jon Elster. 2012. Political Pschology. New York: Cambridge University Press.
- [15] Lively, J. 1987.Democracy ,cited in David, Held. Models of Democracy; Stanford: Standard University Press.
- [16] Locke J. 1976. The Second Treatise of Civil Government, London, Ed. J.W. Gought
- [17] Macpherson. 1975. The Real World of Democracy, New York: Oxford University Press.
- [18] Mill, J.S. 1910. Representative Government Reprinted in Unitarianism, Liberty and Representative Government, Penguin Books Ltd.
- [19] Mill, J.S. 1974. On Liberty, London: Penguin Books.
- [20] LtdMiroff B, Seidelmah R, Swanstrom T. 2007. The Democratic Debate.New York: Houghton Mifflin Company.
- [21] Munoz, Louis. 2001. J. The roots of the West. Ibadan: Bookcracft Ltd.
- [22] Munoz, Louis. 2003. A Living Tradition: Studies in Yoruba Civilization. Lagos: Bookcraft.
- [23] O'Neil, Patrick H. 2010. Essentials of Comparative Politics. 3rd ed. New York: W. W. Norton Print.
- [24] Paine, Thomas.1984. Rights of Man. New York: Viking Penguin Inc.

[25]

- [26] Rousseau, J.J. [1762] 1913). The Social Contract. London: Dent, (Trans. G.D.H.Cole), [Rousseau, J.J. 1968. The Social Contract.England: Reprint (Hammonds-worth,) penguin Press.
- [27] Schraeder P.J. 2004; African Politics and Society, Belmont USA.

[28]

[29] Smith B.C 2009. Understanding Third World Politics, New York Palgrave Macmillan.

Published Online: 2023-06-30

# International Journal of Multidisciplinary Research and Explorer (IJMRE)

E-ISSN: 2833-7298, P-ISSN: 2833-7301



[30] Tocqueville, Alexis de. 1956. Democracy in America. New York: New American Library Tocqueville, Alexis de. 1967. L'ancien Régime et la Révolution. Paris : éd. J.P. Mayer, Gallimard.